# Wilmington Iournal.

Any subscriber wising the paper will and give the proprietors two weeks of the paper will be continued and charged for and Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$250IN ADVANCE active, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for

VOL. 11. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 17, 1855..................NO. 50.

# Professional and Business Cards.

WILLIAM W. LANE, M. D., OFFERS his professional services to the people of Wilmington and the surrounding country.

July 13, 1855.—46-3m

GEO. W. ROSE, MARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR, WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. U. AND APOTHECARIES, Wilmington, N. C. May 9th, 1853

S. M. WEST. UCTIONEER and Commission Merchant, JAS. C. SMITH & CO.,

ttend to all business in the Commission line. All business entrusted to them will be puctually attended H. F. & A. J. GRADY.

CROCERS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MER-T CHARTS, Wilmington, N. C.

JOSEPH L. KEEN, time of business. He keeps constantly on hand, LIME, CE- Carriages. MENT, PLASTER, PLASTERING HAIR, Philadelphia Press BRICK, Orders directed to us, or left with J. Chesnut, Kenansville, N. E. To Distillers of Turpentine, -he is prepared to attention. put up Stills at the shortest notice. [May 20-37-1y

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT, W HOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfamery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market-streets, immediately opposite Snaw's old stand, Wil-

J. M. ROBINSON. MPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves, Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wil-

INSPECTOR'S NOTICE. THE Subscriber has received the apointment of Inspector JAMES I. BRYAN. having it in his line.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FOR-WARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores ar Liberal advances made on consignment. Wilmington, N.C., Nov. 2d, '53.

N. F. BOURDEAUX, NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVIS-IONS, Wilmington, N. C. The subscriber having been elected Inspector of Naval Stores and Provisions, in the Town of Wilmington, at the December Term of the County to all business in that line entrusted to him. N. F. BOURDEAUX. Dec. 22, 1854-16-tf

J. M. ROBINSON. Hardware Merchant, Wilmington, N. C., II ST receiving his fall supply of warranted Saws, Axes. Nails, Hollow-ware, Pocket, and Table, Cutlery, heavy plated Table Spoons and Forks, Fine Tea Trays and Wais, Brass and Common Andirons, Shovels and Tongs; a ULL ASSORTMENT of the best of Builders' Hardware; Mechanic's Tools of every variety, and warranted of superior quality; Ploughs, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters,

[Dec. 2, 1853. THOS. B. CARR, M. D. D. D. S. PRACTICAL DENTIST for the last ten years, charges for 10 or less artificial teeth on fine gold plate.

An entire set of teeth on fine gold plate, Ditto on gold, with artificial gums. on Platina plate, with artificial gams, 150 00 pper or under ditto, each, A Pivet tooth that cannot be distinguished from the

A fine gold filling, warranted permanent, and destroying the nerve, Extracting a touth, Best dentifriees and tooth brushes always on hand. Every operation warranted to give entire satisfaction. Teeth inserted immediately after the extraction of the fangs, and re-

Office on Market-st., 2 doors below the Church Wilmington, N. C., April 24th, 1854 195-1m-34-tf NOTICE TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS. THE subscriber has increased his number of workmen of Mathematics the most competent that can be obtained. He can compele with any Machinist or Architect from North or South. de is prepared to take all jobs in the Machinist or Architect ine, viz: fitting up Steam Engines, erecting Circular or Tuition in Primary Department,.... lls, with Hotehkiss' or any wheels in use. All his work will be done on the most approved plans. He has correspondence with some of the best Foundries, and will furnish drawings for any necessary castings, and have them ordered to the most convenient place. All persons who want work done in the above lines, would do well to give him a call, as | month. he has had long experience in the business. He returns his

Machinist and Architect, Pollocksville, Jones Co., N. C. Coach and Carriage Manufactory-Clinton, N. C. BOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; and his establishment is now in full operation in all its various branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT SPRING BUGGY, having purchased the right for the county of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public par onage. He warrants all his work to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship or material, it will be repaired without charge. Persous wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for themselves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, ele-REPAIRING done in the neatest manner, at short notice. wa Mill Ink and Gudgeons, made and warranted

Clinton, May 11, 1855-36-tf. JAMES O. BOWDEN, Agent for the sale of Naval Stores, Timber, Lum- -\*\* Office near the Railroad.

sufficient for a common family, a very good dwelling house, cient security will be required. and all necessary out-houses. Also a Grist and Saw Mill on a small stream will be sold if desired; and two teams of fine young mules in connection with the above. Terms accommodating. Apply to the subscriber at Prospect Hall, Bladen JOHN'S, WILLIS. June 22, 1855 .- [42-3m]

\$100 REWARD. NANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 2d day of uly, 1855, a negro man named "LOUIS," about 5 feet 6 inches high, would weigh 150 to 160 pounds, The above reward will be given for his return to me, or his lodgment in any jail in North or South Carolina, so 1 Witness, Jasper Etheridge, Clerk of said C

Georgetown, S C., July 6th.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, on the 17th June, a negro boy named MORRIS HAYS. He has altered his name twice since he left; semetimes he can be seif JOE SMITH, and others JAMES MORRIS. is name twice since he left; sometimes he calls himand boy was purchased by me from Thos. H. Williams, on his apprehension and confinement in any jail in the State, so insurance of \$1,000 on the dwelling house, in the N. C. Muthat I can get him, or for his delivery to me at Jonesboro', Columbus Co., N. C. H. BONHAM. For further particulars,

July 20 .-- 96-tf

### General Notices.

CARRIAGES. THE subscriber continues to manufacture every variety of Buggies; also, light Carriages, which for neatness, strength and durability, are warranted equal to any sold in the State. The public generally are invited to examine my 10 bbls. Linseed Oil; 5 bbls. Lamp Oil; 5 bbls. Common Feb. 9-23-tf W. J. CORNWALL.

WAGONS. HAVE now, and shall constantly keep on hand, the very I best materials for the manufacture of wagons. All per-CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE is a constant of the manufacture of magnitude of the manufacture of the magnitude of the manufacture of the any of the above kinds of work. Repairing done as usual. Feb. 9-23-tf W. J. CORNWALL. NOTICE.

A LL persons are hereby forwarned against trespassing up-on the lands belonging to the estate of John W. Hamilton, deceased, lying on both sides of the Wilmington & Topsail Sound Plank Road, three miles from Wilmington. All persons found entting wood, or otherwise trespassing COMMISSION MERCHANTS, have removed their of upon said lands, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor of fice to the second story of the building formerly occu- the law, and a reward of five dollars will be given for suffinied by the Telegraph Company, where they are prepared to cient proof against any responsible man, for having so tres-M. COSTIN, Adm'r.

CARRIAGES. WE HAVE in operation at Kenansville a Branch Shop, where we keep an assortment of Carriages, of our own make, and where reparing is done. We have also establish-All 18, Whith the Laboratories of Na- ed in connexion with our Carriage Factory, the manufacture Ellis. For sale cheap at Stores and other produce.

Stores and other produce.

Of Plantation and Turpentine Waggons. Also, Ryder's pattent purchase Timber Carriage. With one of these carriages, one boy can load the heaviest sticks, and it requires but two thirds the team to haul. These Waggons are got up with Iron Axles, and of as good materials and with as much ONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs care as our best Carriages, and warranted to give satisfac the public, that he is prepared to take contracts in his tion. Timber getters will do well to examine our Timber

or T. C. & B. G. Worth, Wilmington, will receive prompt DIBBLE & BROTHERS.

### Schools.

CLINTON FEMALE INSTITUTE. CLINTON, SAMPSON COUNTY, N. C. PHE NEXT SESSION of this Institute will commence on the 2d Monday of September next. For particulars see Catalogue and Circular, or address L. C. Graves, A. M., Principal, or the Secretary of the Trustees.

H. A. BIZZELL, Sec'y, of Board of Trustees.

EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY NAVAL STORES, and solicits business from those THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution, which has now

> matic, embracing everything necessary to a solid and orna- sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt It is very important that pupils be present at the opening of the session. A few days absence at the commencement of of the year when the classes are formed, and new studies entered upon, may embarrass the pupils for weeks Catalogues containing the course of study, expenses, &c.,

will be forwarded on application to RICHARD STERLING, Principal. June 15, 1855-41-1y Greensboro', N. C. WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE.

WARRENTON, N. C. THE exercises of this Institution will close on the 7th of Court of New Hanover County, will give prompt attention June, and will be resumed on the 27th of the same month, and a conditional Judgment entered against the Defendant under the direction of the following faculty:

E. E. Parham, A. M., Prof. of Classical Literature and Mon. V. Busch, Professor of Music and Modern Langua-Miss E. A. Lacey, Assistant in Music, and Teacher of Drawing and Painting in all its departments, Fancy Work,

Mrs. S. D. Christian, Assistant in Music and French. Miss M. H. Taylor, Principal of Primary Department. Mrs. Thos. S. Campbell, Matron.

A regular and thorough course of study has been adopted in e. order to graduation, and no efforts will be spared to promote Marcellus, her tackle and apparel condemned to satisfy the moral and intellectual welfare of the students. Pupils can plaintiff's debt. Notice is hereby given, that at the next 150 00 enter at any time during the Session, and will be charged only 150 00 from time of entrance. sence after entrance, except in cases of protracted sickness.

A daily train of cars passes Warrenton Depot from Raleigh and Weldon, and there is an omnibus at the depot on 2 00 the arrival of passengers to convey them immediately to the \$3 to 5 00 village, a distance of but three miles. For further particulars, refer to catalogue, which can be THOS. S. CAMPBELL, btnined by addressing

June 1, 1855-39-tf GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE. moddeled after the gums have shrunken, without additional TIHE third Session of this Institution commences on Wed-L nesday, the 3rd of January, 1855, and ends on the 3rd

Rev. JAS. H. BRENT, A. B., President Dr. Morgan Closs, late of Chapel Hill, Prof. of And a full corps of Teachers in every branch.

Board, including Washing, Lights, Fuel, &c., per One hundred dollars will cover all expenses of the session in the Collegiate course and all ornamental branches. Pupils in primary department charged the usual price for ornamental branches. One half payable in advance.

Three Lectures on scientific subjects will be delivered each

We are making every effort to render the School the first in Address D. B. TOHNSON, advantages and cheapness, and pledge to reduce prices, and multiply the advantages in proportion to the increase of patbe able to reduce the prices nearly one half; every one aiding | not be served on him; it is, therefore, ordered by the Court, us, is also aiding in placing the means of a superior education that a conditional judgment be rendered in favor of the within the reach of almost every girl in the State. and believe it will be continued. For further information ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Wilapply to the President of the faculty, or myself.

> DISSOLUTION. THE firm of HALLETT, HENNING & CO., is this day ■ dissolved by mutual consent. ROBERT HENNING is authorized to settle the business of the concern BENJAMIN HALLETT THOS. H. WILLIAMS.

President Stockholders.

ROBERT HENNING

T. M. CHATTERTON

EQUITY SALE IN ONSLOW. A Li. business intrusted to his care will meet with prompt BY virtue of a decree made by the Court of Equity for this Court, to be held at the Court House, in Whiteville, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday, in September attention, and the very best market prices obtained. matter of Owen Huggins and others, I shall offer for sale, next, to defend said suit, or judgment final will be rendered at the Court House in the town of Jacksonville, on the against him FIRST MONDAY in September next, the VALUABLE THE Subscriber, desirous of changing his business, offers

Fent in Early and Martin Cahoon, and also the Pent in the State, within three to the state of the stat PENTINE LAND as there is in the State, within three to land purchased by the said Luke Huggins from Edward B. four miles of the Cape Fear River, and one and a half miles | Dudley. It will be offered on a credit of twelve months with of the Cape Fear Academy. There is on the place a farm interest from the day of sale. Bonds with good and suffi-

A. J. MURRILL, C. M. E. Onslow, N. C., July 20, 1855 .- [46-ts STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Onslow County.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, JUNE TERM, 1855. BURR & ARNOLD Original Attachment.

Moses Feigenbaum. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the de fendant has absconded, so that the ordinary process of the about 23 years of age. Had on when he left, a black law cannot be served upon him; it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Journal, a negro was taised in Craven county, N. C., and may be mak- newspaper printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying the ing his way there, or perhaps will be lurking near the resi- said Moses Feigenbaum to make his personal appearance at dence of his former owner, Mr. William Pugh, of Pitt count the next term of this Court, to be held in Jacksonville, on sale by public auction, unless previously disposed of, the tract the first Monday in September next, to defend the said suit, Witness, Jasper Etheridge, Clerk of said Court, at office, FURNIFOLD RHEM. the first Monday of June, A. D. 1855. JASPER ETHERIDGE, Clerk.

July 6, 1855.~-[44-6t [Adv. \$4 38] Fifteen Thousand Dollars worth of Boots, Shoes WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD. THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several making 70 revolutions to the minute, and running two of HAVING purchased our entire stock just from the manufactories, we are prepared to offer inducements to
OUNTRY MERCHANTS equal to any establishment
out of Boston.

JONES & GARDNER.

Oct. 7, 1854

JONES & GARDNER.

JONES & GARDNER. 181-tf | every other article in the line of the business, at reasonable

ted as well as can be done either North or South.

The best of reference can be given if required. JAMES McLARANAN. March 10 1854-27-tf FOR SALE. A CONVENIENT TWO-STORY DWELLING with all the other improvements or the land, are comparatively every endeavor to pass, himself off as free. He is well known about Wilmington, but may not all the other improvements or the land, are comparatively new, having been constructed during the past two on Harnett street, in the Northern portion of the JOHN A. SANDERS, Trustee.

JULY 13, 1855.—45-ts A CONVENIENT TWO-STORY DWELLING Wilmington, but may probably endeavor to make his way to order, having been recently painted. It is now occupied by Fayetteville or Weidon. The above reward will be paid for a good tenant, at a rent of \$200 per annum. There is an

> For further particulars, enquire of WM. H. LASPEYRE. Feb. 17.-24-tf]

## Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

etian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Yellow Ochre, in Oil; 25 bbls. Blake's Fire Proof Paint; 40 bbls. Silver's Plastic Paint; and in Oil; 200 be Chrome Yellow, Dry, and in Oil. A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT, wholesale and retail, by

Druggist and Chemist ,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist. 200 OZ. Sulph. Quinine; 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 cask Cr. Fartar; 1 cask Sup. Carb. Salta; 50 lbs. Seidlitz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opiuml; 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black epper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 For sale wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,

Feb. 23.1 Druggist and Chemist. TUST RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA:-I case Sulph. Quinine; 50 ozs. Calomel; 10 ozs. Sulph. and Acetate Morphene : 25 ozs. Cinchonia; 5 ozs. Salarine; 25 ozs. Blue Mass; 10 ozs. Chloroform

19 bbls. Epsom Saits, and a choice collection of Chemieals from the Labratories of Poms & Weightman and Chas C. & D DuPRE'S, Drug and Chemical Store, Market-st

ILS! OILS!!-Just Received a fresh supply of Linseed, Train, Lard, Fish, Elephant, Whale and Sperm. For sale by W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist. JUST RECEIVED FROM BALTIMORE & PHILA-DELPHIA. 25 bbls. Silver's Fire Proof Paint, all colors; 20 casks Spanish Brown: 10 do. Venetian Red; 5 do. Yellow Ochre. For sales by Ochre. For sales by C. & D. DuPRE, June 10. Druggists & Chemists, Wilmington, N. C.

### General Notices.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. New Hanover County.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, JUNE TERM, 1855. Martin Schulkin vs. Henry G. Lohss. Original attachment levied on goods, wares and merchandise IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Henry G. Lohss, is a non-resident, or so keeps himself concealed that the ordinary process of the law cannot be served on him; it is, therefore, ordered by the Court, that a conditional judgment be rendered in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of two hundred and thirty 61-100 dollars, and the goods levied upon be condemned to satisfy been in successful operation for fifteen years, will com- publication be made in the Wilmington Journal for six The course of study is designed to be thorough and syste-or demur, or judgment final will be rendered and the property SAMUEL R. BUNTING, Clerk

[Adv. \$4 38.] STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. New Hanover County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, June Term, 1855. Gavert Prigge vs. Henry Rehage.

THE DEFENDANT in this case, will hereby take notice of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of said county against Moody B Smith, on which there is a Judgment entered for the sum of Three Hundred and Twenty-five 70-10 dollars; all which is condemned to the use of the Plaintiff for the sum of \$325 70-100, to be made absolute and final at Rev. Thomas S Campbell, President and Prof. of English | the next term of said Court, to be held at the Court-House, in Wilmington, on the 2d Monday of September next, unless Rev. WILLIAM H. CHRISTIAN, A. M., Prof. of Physical the defendant appear and answer the Plaintiff according to SAMUEL R. BUNTING, Clerk August 3, 1855.—[48-6t] Adv. \$4 38

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, New Hanover County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, June Term, 1855 Jas. Cameron vs. William P. Ballarce.

Attachment levied upon Brig Marcellus, her tackle and apparel. T the June Term, 1855, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter A Sessions for New Hanover county, a conditional judg ment was rendered for the sum of \$212 59, and the said Brig Marcellus, her tackle and apparel condemned to satisfy term of said Court, to be held in the town of Wilmington, at from time of entrance.

Payments, one half in advance, and no deduction for abshall come forward, replevy said property and plead. By order of Court,

SAMUEL R. BUNTING, Clerk. August 3d, 1855.-[48-6t] Adv. \$4 38. STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

New Hanover County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, June Term, 1855. Hanke Vollers va. Henry G. Lohss. Original attachment levied on goods, wares and merchandise. appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Henry G. Lohss, is a non-resident, or so keeps himself concealed that the ordinary process of the law cannot be served on him; it is, therefore, ordered by the Court, that a conditional judgment be rendered in favor of the plaintiff or the sum of one hundred and ten dollars, and the goods levied upon be condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debt, &c. I is further ordered by the Court, that publication be made in \$50 00 the Wilmington Journal for six weeks, notifying said de-\$10 00 fendant to appear and plead, answer or demur, or judgment \$20 00 final will be rendered, and the property sold to satisfy plain SAMUEL R. BUNTING, Clerk August 3d, 1855.—[48-6w.] Adv. \$4 38.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

New Hanover County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, June Term, 1855 Gavert Prigge vs. Henry G. Lohss.
Original attachment levied on goods, wares and merchandise. appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Henry G. Lohss, is a non-resident, or so keeps When our number of pupils reaches 200 we shall himself concealed that the ordinary process of the law canplaintiff for the sum of \$167 88, and the goods levied upon We return thanks for the unexampled support we have had be condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debt, &c. It is further mington Journal for six weeks, notifying said defendant to appear and plead, answer or demur, or judgment final will be rendered, and the property sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt.

SAMUEL R. BUNTING, Clerk. August 3d, 1855.—[48-6w.] Adv. \$4 38.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. Columbus County. Superior Court of Law-Spring Term, A. D., 1855. Josiah Maultsby, Guard., for the minor heirs of Neal McD. Maultsby, dec'd, vs. Daniel Maxwell. Original attachment levied on all the defendant's right, interest and lease in Real Estate and Timber. Also, all the defendant's right to cut and carry away timber. T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the de-THE business of buying Produce and selling Merchandize will be continued at Long Creek Bridge, by
T. H. WILLIAMS & CO.

T. H. WILLIAMS & CO. tion be made in the weekly Wilmington Journal, a newpa-per published in the town of Wilmington, notifying the said Daniel Maxwell to make his appearance at the next term of

Witness, Thomas D. Vail, Clerk of our said Court, at of-

TAKEN UP and committed to the Jail of Onslow County, on the 18th of July, a NEGRO BOY, who says his name is HENRY, and is owned by Nun Milsays his name is HENRI, and is very dark, and ler, of Lenoir County. Said boy is very dark, and about eighteen or twenty years of age, and five feet four or five inches high The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

M. L. F. REDD, Sheriff. Aug. 7, 1855 .- [285-1t--49-tf TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY. IN EXECUTION of the trusts declared in a certain deed

I made by James M. Stevenson and Thomas C. Hooper, dated June 1st, 1855, by which the partnership property and effects of Stevenson & Hooper are conveyed to the undersigned, I will, on Monday, the 3d day of September next, offer for of land-containing 50 acres-lying on East side of the Cape Fear river, about four miles below Wilmington, and adjoining on the South the tract known as Mount Tyrza, and the same on which is situate the STEAM SAW MILL in use by said Stevenson & Hooper. The STEAM SAW MILL is furnished with an Engine rated at 45 horse power, having a 14-inch cylinder, 25 feet stroke,

countershaft below; is 90 feet long by 45 feet wide, with a SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, execu- tin roof and smoke stack 24 inches in diameter by 45 feet in length. There are also on the tract of land, two dwelling houses, a blacksmith shop, and other necessary out-buildings, with a substantial and commodious wharf, which will hold 100,000 feet of lumber, and has 10 feet of water at low tide The Saw Mill is now in good running order, and this,

> LIGHT BUGGIES. T HAVE on hand several light Buggies, (with and without But they smile, they find a music centred in a doleful song I HAVE on hand several light Buggles, (with and without tops,) of my own manufacture, which I will sell on very streaming up, a lamentation and an ancient tale of wrong, Like a tale of little meaning, though the words are strong; reasonabl sterms. Please call and examine. W. J. CORNWALL.

The Ninth Book of Homer's Odysse tells how Ulysses and his companion encountered the Lotophagi, or Till they perish and they suffer—some 'tis whispered, down in their decorate less than their decorate less than their decorate less than the suffer and they suffer—some 'tis whispered, down in hell JUST RECEIVED .-- 10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra Lotus Faters, in their dreamy Isle. The peculiar and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venfood upon which these Islanders fed was supposed to Resting weary limbs at last on beds of asphodel. possess the power of lulling them into a dreamy ease, Oil; 5 bbls. Machinery Oil; 400 lbs. Chrome Green, Dry forgetful of the past and careless of the future. Up- Oh rest ye, brother mariners, we will not wander more. on this Tennyson, the English Poet, has founded the following beautiful poem. Worn with the stern strife "Millions for Slavery"-Estimates of a Seward of parties-wearied in the battle of Life, or sinking for relaxation, what poor editor has not fa cied some such quiet dreamland, and wished to fly there and be at rest, where it would be "always afternoon."-There is softness and true poetry in the whole of it

> Balaklava ode: The Lotus-Eaters.

"COURAGE!" he said, and pointed toward the land, "This mounting wave will rell us shoreward soon." In the afternoon they came unto a land, n which it seemed always afternoon. All round the coast the languid air did swoon. Breathing like one that hath a weary dream. Full-faced above the valley stood the moon : And like a downward smoke, the slender stream Along the cliff to fall and pause and fall did seem.

A land of streams! some, like a downward smoke Slow-dropping vails of thinnest lawns did go; And some through wavering lights and shadows broke, Rolling a slumbrous sheet of foam below. They saw the gleaming river seaward flow From the inner land; far off, three mountain-tops, Three silent pinnacles of aged snow, Stood sunset-flushed: and dewed with showery drops, Up-clomb the shadowy pine above the woven copse

The charmed sunset lingered low adown In the red west ; through mountain clefts the dale Was seen far inland, and the yellow down Bordered with palm, and many a winding velo And meadow, set with slender galingale; A land where all things always seemed the same And round about the keel with faces pale. Dark-faces, pale against that rosy flame, The mild-eyed melancholy Lotus-Eaters came

Branches they bore of that euchanted stem, Laden with flower and fruit, whereof they gave n each, but whose did receive of them And taste, to him the gushing of the wave Far far away did seem to mourn and rave On alien shores; and if his fellow spake, His voice was thin as voices from the grave; And deep asleep he seemed, yet all awake, And music in his ears his beating heart did make.

They sat them down upon the yellow sand, Between the sun and moon, upon the shore; And sweet it was to dream of Father-land, Of child and wife, and slave; but evermore Most weary seemed the sea, weary the oar, Weary the wandering fields of barren foam Then some one said, " We will return no more," And all at once they sang, "Our island home Is far beyond the wave : we wilt no longer roam. CHORIC SONG.

There is sweet music here that softer falls Than petals from blown roses on the grass, Or right-dews on still waters between walls Of shadowy granite, in a gleaming pass; Music that gentler on the spirit lies Than tired eyelids upon tired eyes; Music that brings sweet sleep down from the blissiu Here are cool mosses deep, And through the moss the ivies creep, And in the stream the long leaved flowers weep, And from the craggy ledge the poppy hangs in sleep.

Why are we weighed upon with heaviness, And utterly consumed with sharp distress, While all things else have rest from weariness All things have rest: why should we toil alone, We only toil, who are the first of things, And make perpetual mean, till from one sorrow to another thrown Nor ever fold our wings, And cease from wanderings Nor steep our brows in slumber's holy balm Nor hearken what the inner spirit sings, "There is no joy but calm!" Why should we only toil, the roof and crown of things?

Lo! in the middle of the wood, The folded leaf is wooed from out the bud With winds upon the branch, and there Grows green and broad, and takes no care Sun steeped at noon, and in the moon Nightly dew-fed; and turning yellow halls, and floats adown the air, Lo! sweetened with the summer light The full-juiced apple, waxing over-mellow Drops in a silent autumn night, All its allotted length of days, The flower ripens in its place, Ripens and fades, and falls, and hath no toil, Fast rooted in the fruitful soil.

Hateful is the dark blue ky! Vaulted o'er the dark-blue sea! Death is the end of life; ah! why Should life all labor be ? Let us alone. Time driveth onward fast, And in a little while our lips are dumb. Let us alone. What is it that will last ! All things are taken from us and become Portions and parcels of the dreadful Past. Let us alone. What pleasure can we have To war with evil ? Is there any peace In ever climbing up the climbing wave ? All things have rest, and ripen toward the grave In silence--ripen, fall, and cease. Give us long rest or death; dark death or dreamful ease. How sweet it were, hearing the downward stream,

With half-shut eyes ever to seem Falling asleep in a half-dream! To dream and dream, like vonder amber-light, Which will not leave the myrth-bush on the hight; To hear each other's whispered speech; Eating the Lotus, day by day, To watch the crisping ripples on the beach, And tender curving lines of creamy spray; To lend our hearts and spirits wholly To the influence of mild-minded melancholy To muse and brood and live again in memory. With those old faces of our infancy Heaped over with a mound of grass, Two handfuls of white dust, shut in an urn of brass

Dear is the memory of our wedded lives, And dear the last embraces of our wives And their warm tears; but all hath suffered change; For surely now our household hearths are cold: Our sons inherit us: our looks are strange; And we should come, like ghosts, to trouble joy. Or else, the island-princes over-bold Have cat our substance, and the minstrel sings Before them of the ten-years' war in Troy : And our great deeds, as half-forgotten things--Is there confusion in the little isle? Let what is broken so remain. The Gods are hard to reconcile Tis hard to settle order once again There is confusion worse than death, Trouble on trouble, pain on pain, Long labor unto aged breath, Sore task to bearts worn out with many wars And eyes grown dim with gazing on the pilot-stars.

But, propt on beds of amaranth and moly, How sweet (while warm airs lull us, blowing lowly,) With half-dropt eyelids still, Beneath a heaven dark and holy, To watch the long bright river drawing slowly lis waters from the purple hill-To hear the dewey cchoes calling From cave to cave through the thick-twined vine---To hear the emerald-colored water falling I brough many a woven acanthus wreath divin-Only to hear and see the far-off sparkling brine, Only to hear were sweet, stretched out beneath the pine.

The Lotus blooms below the flowery peak : The Lotus blows by every winding creek: All day the wind breathes low with mellower tone: Through every hollow cave and alley lone Round and round the spicy downs the yellow Lotus dust is We have had enough of action, and of motion we,

seething free. Where the wallowing monster spouted his foam fountains in the sea. Let us swear an oath, and keep it with an equal mind, In the hollow Lotus-land to live, and lie reclined On the hills, like Gods together, careless of mankind. or they lie beside their nectar, and the bolts are hurled Far below them in the valleys, and the clouds are lightly

Round their golden houses, girdled with the gleaming world Where they smile in secret, looking over wasted lands, Blight and famine, plague and earthquake, roaring deeps and fiery sands, praying hands.

Chanted from an ill-used race of men that cleave the soil,

Sow the seed, and reap the harvest with enduring toil,

Storing yearly little dues of wheat, and wine. and oil

Suffer endless anguish, others in Elysian valleys dwell Surely, surely slumber is more sweet than toil, the shore Than labor in the deep mid-ocean, wind and wave and oar

From the N. Y. Herald. Organ--The Boot on the other Leg. We find in the Buffalo Express-a conspicuous or-

under the exhausting heats of summer, with ne chance gan of W. H. Seward and his anti-slavery coalition -a leading article bearing the significant caption of "Millions for Slavery-Nothing for Commerce." In ever been a pet institution of government, and has grown fat and strong from the public treasury. Each constantly fed it from the choicest pap afforded from the character of these transactions. the government resources. In this way it has been reared as a 'spoiled child'—desiring and coveting all tion is not less unsatisfactory in what it altogether that it sees, and proving fretful and uncomfortable if omits to explain. The letter addressed to you by this its every want is not speedily gratified."

To establish the charge that this " pet institution" of the South " has grown fat and strong from the public treasury," the following are given by our Buf duct of a public officer, which require the question falo philosopher as some of the items of expenses in- of his dismissal from office to be considered, it is the curred by the general government on account of sla- duty of the Executive to make formal specifications

Mesilla Valley, to Santa Anna, 1853..... 10,00,000

Now, we shall proceed to take this bill of costs to pieces, and if we do not prove that " figures can lie;" we think we shall satisfy the reader that they may be used to suppress very material facts, and to establish the most ridiculous conclusions. Let us look, then, into these items of the Express, of the expenses of " the pet institution," in connexion with this outcry of "millions for slavery-nothing for commerce."

and the cost of its purchase is set down at \$23.530,-000. Grant it-grant that the territory purchased was a slaveholding territory: were there no advan tages in the purchase to the North, and "nothing minated. for commerce ?" As we understand it, the great object of the purchase was to secure the outlet of the Mississippi river, and its magnificent and prolific valley, for the benefit of commerce. In the way of trade, this acquisition, since 1803, has been to the free States and Territories contiguous to the Mississippi and its tributaries equal in value to at least one thousand millions of dollars. Then, again, as parts of this Louisiana purchase, the North have secured the flourishing State of Iowa, the beautiful and thrifty Territory of Minnesota, and the tremendous Territory of Nebraska, to say nothing of the chances for Kansas, and the prairies to the south of it. All this is cents; but the public lands in this Louisiana purchase sold, and to be sold, will probably foot up in the end at the Treasury Department a gross amount dollars, exclusive of grants to northern railroads.

We find, then, that the account on both sides, touching the Louisiana purchase, stands as follows: Purchase of Louisiana ..... \$23,530,000

Actual benefits to northern trade from the acquisition of the mouths of the Mississippi... 1,000,000,000 Total...... 1,200,000,000 Balance, clear gain by the Union . . . . 1,176,470,000 Over eleven hundred millions clear gain. "Answer a fool according to his folly," saith the Scriptures.

the Florida wars from first to last, and the purchase of Mississippi from Georgia, to say nothing of the revenues and materials from the public lands in those States; and we shall still have a margin to spare of a thousand millions in favor of the Louisiana pur-The next three items are: The war to obtain Texas, 1846-'47.....\$217,174.00 

This is a large un expended in behalf of the pet institution" of the government, resulting from the annexation of 'texas. But let us look at the other creasonable and disorganizing legislation as to the side of the eccount. The war and the peace with affairs of the Union The dominant party has done Mexico have given the North the splendid State of what it could do to render strong the fiercest animos-California, whose seaport of San Francisco is the ities of race-to render weak the frat roal relations New York of the Pacific coast. But we must not of country. It has made this State odious to her overlook the solid specie dividends of California, ister States. Every mail that arrives brings evinearly the whole of which have been the substantial dence of this in the comments made on these progains of the North. Since the discovery of the gold ceedings, by the journals and public men; and not washings on the Rio de los Americanos, in 1848, the simply of one party, but of all parties; not merely export of California gold, manifested and in private of one section of the country, but of all sections. hands to the Atlantic Northern States, has been, we With this state of affairs at home in view-with dare say, fully up to three hundred and fifty millions | the certainty that this disgrace proceeds from the le-

&c., is as follows:

Balance, clear gain by the Union ........91,826,000 Or, in round numbers, ninety-two millions of dollars! And how does this preposterous rubbish of "millions for slavery and nothing for commerce" apply to California? The acquisition of that country, and the discovery of the gold there, have given a greater im pulse to our commerce, domestic and foreign, Atlantic and Pacific, than would have been given to it. without California, had a hundred millions a year whether in majorities or minorities, in opposition to provement of rivers and harbors

We think our case is made out. In our purchases of and wars for southern territory ne ther the public treasury nor the northern States have been the losers. On the contrary, while the treasury has been replenished from these "acquisitions on account of the pet institution of southern slavery"-while our commerce, from the sea to the rivers and the lakes, has been vastly benefitted-and while the North has secured some of the richest and the fairest of these acquisitions-we have secured with them the whole reg.on of the gold country, and the monopoly of its bountiful diggings, wet and dry, the ports of California, the isthmus passages, and the command of the Pacific trade.

In view of such splendid advantages as these, derived from our outlays on account of the "pet institution," we are under a debt of the heaviest obli gation to the South. This debt cannot be cancelled in dollars and cents-it can only be met by the exerwards the South which distinguished the fathers of the constitution. In the exercise of this spirit, should the South give shape and form to the State institutions of Kansas, it will be a small concession to them to admit the State thus organized into the Union, in consideration of the balance due the South on account of the Louisiana purchase every inch of which Gazette says that there is a negro boy in that neigh-Rolled to starboard, rolled to larboard, when the surge was belonged to them on the date of its acquisition, from borhood, about 18 months old, who about a month the Balize to the British boundary above the head and a half since, had a pair of horns to make their springs of the Mississippi. We can spare Kansas to appearance on the front part of the head, similar the South, if they win it according to the law and in appearance to those of a young deer; they are the constitution, and still hold a prodigious slice of now about one and a half month old and are full six

the original French Louisiana. Let our Buffalo cotemporary try it again. His sta. them two spikes making their appearance, and are tistics upon the text " Millions for slavery, nothing still growing remarkably fast. He has been purfor commerce," recoil against himself and his cause. chased by a man who proposes to make arrangement It is true that in our purchase of southern territory, and in our acquisitions from southern territorial wars, Clanging fights, and flaming towns, and sinking ships, and we of the North have secured the lion's share of the all time to come.

Per square of 10 lines or less-cash n advance. Onesquare, linsertion, .... 2 insertions, .... 6 do.....do.....do..... o 12 0,.....do......do.......20

Advertisements ordered to be continue : ertheirs charged 37 cents per square for each insertion after the fir Advertisements, upon which the number of insertion not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and cha g s 25 cents per square for each insertion.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private charret can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

NOTE OF DISMISSAL TO GOV. REEDER .- The Washington Union contains all the correspondence between Gov. Reeder, of Kansas, and the Government, relative to Mr. Reeder's alleged speculation in public lands in Kansas. We give the note from the acting Secretary of State removing Mr. Reeder from his po-sition as Governor, and the brief comments of the Union:

ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE TO GOV. REEDER. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, July 28, 1855. Sir: Your communication of the 26th of June has

een received and submitted to the President. In reply, he directs me to say that, after due consideration of the explanations which you offer in rethis article we are told that southern slavery "has gard to your purchase of Kansas half-breed lands, and the last in the case as reported to him, and communicated to you by the Department of the Interior, lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Mace; 10 lbs Sulph. Potass; 100 It is a much better specimen of Tennyson than his President, in turn, has caressed and patied the thing be finds nothing in those explanations to remove the on the head, while the Secretary of the Treasury has impressions which he had previously entertained of

He directs me further to say, that your communicadepartment, on the 11th ultimo, distinctly mentioned other grave matters of accusation of the same class. -You assume that when circumstances exist in the conof charge; and upon this erroneous presumption you Purchasing Louisiana in 1803..... \$23,530,000 withhold explanation in regard to the matters alluded to, although they were peculiarly within your own knowledge; and you could not but be well aware that some of them, more especially the undertaking of sundry persons, yourself included, to lay out new cities on military or other reservations, in the Territoro of Kansas, were undergoing official investigation within that Territory. The incompleteness of that nvestigation, at that time, prevented its being spoken of explicitly by this department; but it was taken for granted that you would have cheerfully volunteered explanations upon this subject, so far as you were concerned, more particularly as you had summoned the Legislative Assembly of the Territory to meet at one of the places referred to, denomi: ated in your The first item relates to the Louisiana territory ; proclamation " Pawnee City."

I have, therefore, by the direction of the President, to notify you that your functions and authority as Governor of the Territory of Kansas are hereby ter-

I am, sir, respectfully, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM HUNTER,

Acting Secretary of State. Andrew H. Reeder, Esq., Governor of the Territory of Kansas. In commenting on the above, the Union says: " The association for the so-called ' Pawnee City, to which allusion is made in the letter of the Acting Secretary of State to Gov. Reeder, and the articles of

association of which are given above, was an organization to found a town upon a tract of land which lies some distance inside of the exterior boundary of the military site of Fort Riley. The limits of the an offset, which cannot be measured in dollars and site as originally declared in orders from the War Department embraced a larger amount of land than the President deemed necessary for military purposes, after the extinction of the Indian title; and the reserin hard cash of not less than two hundred millions of vation was reduced-but this . Pawnee City was inside of the reservation thus reduced. It is proper for us to say that for permitting this encroachment upon the lands of a military site, and for complication in the acts of the association, and for military off-nces connected therewith, the commanding officer of the post of Fort Riley is to be tried, on charges preferred against him before a court martial which has been ordered to assemble for that purpose."

The Democratic State Convention.

The time for holding the annual state convention of the democracy is close at hand. Nominations for state officers, the election of two delegates at large to the national democratic convention, the presenta-This balance will pay for the purchase of Florida, tion of the issues before the people, and the annual preparatory business, will call logether a convention, it is to be hoped, large, patriotic and efficient, consisting of delegates from every town and city in the State. Let the democracy assemble this year in full numbers in council; and let the gathering, in its action, come up fully to the wants of Massachusetts.

We never knew a better spirit prevaiing in the democratic ranks. Measures, principles, the good old cause, the Constitution, the Union, the whole country, are now the watchwords that lower above all thought of men. Factions, by combining their forces, have inflicted lasti g disgrace on Massachusetts-by the most extraordinary and disreputable proceedings as to its domestic affairs-by the most

gitimate working out of bad principles-each demo-Our Northern account with Southern Slavery, crat and true man owes it to himself, to the noble old therefore, concerning Texas, the war with Mexico, Bay State of better days, to the obligations he is under to support the constitution of his country, to the evils. It can only be done by striking at their rout -by ploughing into the soil-by extirpating its weeds-by substituting, for the upas that deadens whatever its branches shadow, that grand old lifegiving and inspiring TREE or LIBERTY. The evil nes in abolitionism that would destroy this Union, and in know-nothingism that would make the Union not worth destroying.

It is a noble fact, that everywhere in the country these pestilential heresies. It is so here in Massachusetts. Last year, when the land was mad with them, the democratic convention of this State stood up against them; and against all the poor, demagoguish, disgraceful isms of the times. So, to judge from what we have every day from the lips of true democrats-it will be this year. No action looking to co-operation with the heresies of know-nothingism or abolitionism, will be tolerated for a moment.

This is a time that requires of all who would act as patriots, to think of what they owe their country. Men fanatical on the slavery question; other men from whom better things might have been expected who date to profane the grave of WEBSTER, and even to speak in the name of him who made the great speech for Conciliation; are now fomenting sectional animosities, playing into the hands of the Garrison traitors, and doing what they can to array the north against the south! Let the democrats, at this crisis, act as patriots, as constitutional men, as lovers cise of that spirit of compromise and concession to- of the Union. Warn the committees that the time

for action has come. Democrats! send full and true delegations to the convention. Send there no secret lodge men, and no freesoilers. Send democrats.-Boston Post.

A Boy WITH HORNS .- A letter in the Caddo (La.) inches long, well covered with velvet, and on one of with Barnum to exhibit him.

An old lady, looking at the curiosities in Barny plunder, and it is foily to deny it. The outlet of the Museum, came to a couple of large sea dogs and, Mississippi and the gold mines of California settle the after gazing at them with wonder, inquired of wag question against us-for the past, the present, and for who stood near if they ever barked. "No, padam, said he, " not now; their bark is on the sea